

# **Competition Rules**

# **Freefall Style and Accuracy Landing**



2022 Edition

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1	FAI Statutes, Cha	apter 1,	para 1.6
2	FAI Sporting Code, Ge	en. Section,	Chapter 4, para 4.1.2
3	FAI Statutes, Cha	apter 1,	para 1.8.1
4	FAI Statutes, Cha	apter 2,	para 2.1.1; 2.4.2; 2.5.2 and 2.7.2
5	FAI By-Laws, Cha	apter 1,	para 1.2.1
6	FAI Statutes, Cha	apter 2,	para 2.4.2.2.5
7		apter 1,	paras 1.2.2 to 1.2.5
8	FAI Statutes, Cha	apter 5,	paras 5.1.1, 5.2, 5.2.3 and 5.2.3.3
9	FAI Sporting Code, Ge	en. Section,	Chapter 4, para 4.1.5
10	FAI Sporting Code, Ge	en. Section,	Chapter 2, para 2.2
11	FAI Statutes, Cha	apter 5,	para 5.2.3.3.7
12	FAI Statutes, Cha	apter 6,	para 6.1.2.1.3

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## **1 FAI AUTHORITY**

The competition will be conducted under the authority granted by the FAI, according to the regulations of the Sporting Code of the FAI, General Section, and Section 5 as approved by the ISC and validated by the FAI, and these rules. All participants accept these rules and the FAI regulations as binding by registering in the competition.

## 2 DEFINITIONS OF WORDS AND PHRASES

## 2.1 Manoeuvre

A turn or loop starting and finishing in the horizontal face down position with the head toward the target. The shoulders must at all times remain in a horizontal plane.

## 2.2 Turn

A manoeuvre of a 360 - degree rotation in the horizontal plane.

## 2.3 Loop

A manoeuvre of a 360 - degree rotation in a vertical plane.

## 2.4 Drift

Lateral movement of the jumper away from the target heading after the jumper has started the first manoeuvre

#### 2.5 Arrow Penalty

Can occur at the beginning of the first and third turn (when coming out of the back loop), when the competitor is off - heading in the direction of the turn

#### 2.6 Deviation

(D) penalty – execution of turns or back loops with the body tilted or banket (pitch or roll).

#### 2.7 S Penalty

(S) after last back loop, when the competitor is off-heading

#### 2.8 Tuffet

Landing area on which the AMD is placed.

#### 2.9 AMD

Automatic Measuring Device

## 3 THE EVENTS

#### 3.1 EVENT DESCRIPTIONS

The events will be comprised of the following disciplines:

- Team Accuracy Landing
- Individual Accuracy Landing
- Freefall Style
- Junior Individual Accuracy Landing
- Junior Freefall Style

A separate classification for men and women is made in all events.

A junior competitor is a competitor under the age of 24 years or whose 24<sup>nd</sup> birthday occurs during the calendar year in which the relevant competition takes place.

#### 3.2 OBJECTIVE OF THE EVENTS

- 3.2.1 *Accuracy Landing:* competitors aim to land on, or as close as possible to the centre of a target. Competitor is responsible to present clearly the first contact with the target to the judges.
- 3.2.2 *Freefall Style*: to perform a prescribed sequence of manoeuvre in freefall as correctly and as quickly as possible.

#### 3.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT

The accumulated total of all rounds is used to determine the final placing of teams or individuals. A minimum number of rounds (specified in chapter 7 of these Competition Rules) must be completed to determine a team's and individual is placing and declare winners in any one event.

## 4 GENERAL RULES

#### 4.1 TRAINING JUMPS

There are no official training jumps.

#### 4.2 ORDER OF JUMPING

The order of jumping in the first Accuracy Landing round will be determined by reverse order of placing, separately for men and women, based on final results of National team Accuracy Landing during the last World / Continental Championship. National teams which are not covered by this procedure will jump at the beginning of the first round, with order determined by draw. Individuals, not taking part in the team event, will be gathered in "mixed groups" determined by the Meet Director and will jump at the end of the round, in order determined by a draw. In all other rounds, the jump order for national teams will be in the reversed order of the last completed round, mixed groups at the end of the round.

4.2.1 The Juniors order of jumping in the first round of Accuracy Landing and all Freefall Style rounds will be determined by draw by nations. Individual Accuracy Landing competitors will be put into mixed teams and will jump, with jump order determined by draw. Men and Women shall jump separately. In all other rounds, the jump order will be as all mixed teams (4.2.1).

#### 4.3 DETERMINATION OF THE WINNER

#### 4.3.1 Accuracy Landing Event

- 4.3.1.1 At the end of all completed rounds, the team or competitor with the lowest cumulative score is the winner.
- 4.3.1.2 If all rounds cannot be completed, the team or competitor ranked first at the end of the last completed round is the winner. See 7.2.3. for tie-breaks.

#### 4.3.2 Freefall Style Event

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At the end of all completed rounds, the competitor with the lowest total score in the Freefall Style event is the winner. See 7.2.5. for tie-breaks.

## 4.4 OVERALL WINNER

- 4.4.1 The final ranking of all competitors is calculated by adding the total placing of each competitor in the Freefall Style and Individual Accuracy Landing events after all completed rounds including tie-breaking rounds and excluding the competitors taking part in only one individual event. Only those competitors in both events will qualify for the overall event and they must have performed at least one competition jump in both Freefall Style and Accuracy Landing in that competition and must be re-ranked accordingly.
- 4.4.2 The winner is the man or woman with the lowest total points. If two competitors share equal totals, the title will be awarded to the competitor achieving the highest ranking in either event. Should a tie still exist co-champions will be declared. The same tie-breaking procedures will be followed for all places.

## 5 RULES SPECIFIC TO THE EVENTS

## 5.1 TEAM AND INDIVIDUAL ACCURACY LANDING EVENTS

## 5.1.1 Wind Drift Indicator

- 5.1.1.1 Prior to starting the event, or if jumping has been interrupted for more than sixty (60) minutes, at least one wind drift indicator must be dropped from an altitude 100 m below the exit altitude and above the target by a judge or an experienced parachutist appointed by the Chief or Event Judge.
- 5.1.1.2 The wind drift indicator must have approximately the same rate of descent as the parachutes used by most of the competitors. Competitors must be given an opportunity to observe the descent of the wind drift indicator and its landing point must be marked on an aerial photo or plan of the drop zone available to competitors at the boarding area.
- 5.1.1.3 Continuity of the event and the opportunity for competitors to observe canopies in the air is considered sufficient for all competitors to evaluate the opening point.
- 5.1.1.4 When the boarding area is not close to the target area, as determined by the Jury, and competitors have been at the boarding area for more than 60 minutes they must be informed of the wind speed and direction at the target area before boarding.

#### 5.1.2 Exit Point

Each team selects its own exit point.

## 5.1.3 Wind Speed

- 5.1.3.1 The maximum allowable wind speed at ground level in the accuracy events is set by mutual agreement of the Chief Judge, FAI Controller and Meet Director at a value no less than 6,0 m/s and no more than 8,0 m/s. This limit will be given to the competitors at the initial briefing and will remain for the duration of the competition
- 5.1.3.2 A competitor who lands during the period 15 seconds before the wind speed exceeds the limit, while the wind speed is over the limit and 30 seconds after the wind speed has returned below the limit, and does not score a dead centre, may accept a re-jump. The competitor must make an immediate decision and must inform the Event or Chief Judge of their decision, otherwise the competitor must do a re-jump.
- 5.1.3.3 The event will be automatically interrupted for a minimum of 5 minutes, if the ground wind speed exceeds 9 m/s.

## 5.1.4 Wind Direction on the Ground

- 5.1.4.1 The windsock must be capable of responding to winds of at least 2 m/s. It should have a minimum length of 4 m, a minimum diameter at inlet of 600 mm and a minimum height of 6 m. The Chief Judge will determine its location, which is at a fixed place, approximately 50 m from the target centre. This decision is not subject to any protest.
- 5.1.4.2 A wind direction indicator (streamer) mounted on a pole, which is capable of responding to winds of less than 2 m/s will be placed by the Event Judge within the 20 m circle. The Event Judge will decide the position. Its position is not grounds for protest.

## 5.1.5 Target

- 5.1.5.1 The centre of the target must be an Automatic Measuring Device (AMD) with a Dead Centre Disc of 2 cm diameter in a contrasting colour, preferably yellow on a black background. The device must be kept as flat as possible, and capable of measuring to a minimum distance of 16 cm in increment of not more than 1 cm.
- 5.1.5.2 The AMD is mounted centrally on an underlying pad of at least 1.2 m diameter which when struck scores 17 cm at all points. Chief Judge and/or Event Judge may decide to discontinue the use of this underlying pad for any pertinent reason.
- 5.1.5.3 The AMD and the underlying pad are placed centrally on a tuffet, which has to be acceptable to the FAI Controller and should have the following approximate specifications:

Diameter:	app. 5 m
Thickness:	a minimum of 30 cm
Colour:	any colour

- 5.1.5.4 The target must have a clearly marked circle of 20 m radius centred around the dead centre disc.
- 5.1.5.5 The AMD must be repositioned immediately after the landing of any competitor who moves or covers its location, except during team jumps when there is insufficient time between the landings of team members.
- 5.1.5.6 In order not to damage the AMD, suitable footwear must be worn.

## 5.1.6 **Presence on the Target**

- 5.1.6.1 The only persons allowed within the 20 m circle during jumping are members of the Panel of Judges, members of the Jury and necessary members of the organising staff.
- 5.1.6.2 Team Managers and guests of the Organisers are allowed in a reserved area of the 20 m circle designated by the Event Judge and not closer than 15 m to the Automatic Measuring Device. Accredited press, radio and TV officials are allowed at a position within 20 m circle but not closer than 5 m, decided by the Event Judge.
- 5.1.6.3 During the final approach of a competitor, only members of the Panel of Judges are allowed within 5 metres. Exceptions to this rule are the responsibility of the Chief Judge and/or Event Judge and require no previous agreement by the competing teams and individuals.

5.1.6.4 After landing, competitors must leave the target area immediately.

## 5.1.7 Re-Jumps

- 5.1.7.1 Any malfunction of the main parachute canopy, which creates a control problem for a competitor, may merit a re-jump. In this case the competitor must indicate immediately that he has such a problem by signalling with his arms or legs outstretched, or other suitable signal, throughout most of the descent and must make no attempt to land in the target area. Following a malfunction, the inspection of the equipment immediately after the competitor has landed must indicate that the competitor did suffer a malfunction that was not created by the competitor himself.
- 5.1.7.2 A control problem is a condition in the deployment of the parachute such that it is virtually impossible to attempt a precision target approach, or that the main canopy configuration is such as to prevent the competitor from demonstrating his skill.
- 5.1.7.3 If there is a change in ground wind direction of more than 90 degrees within 2 seconds when the wind speed is more than 3 m/s and automatically recorded by an electronic device, during the period commencing 30 seconds before and ending 15 seconds after the competitor's landing, the competitor has the choice of accepting the score for the jump or making a re-jump. The competitor must make an immediate decision and must inform the Event or Chief Judge of their decision; otherwise, a re-jump must be made.
- 5.1.7.4 If during the Accuracy Landing events, two or more competitors approach and / or land on the target simultaneously or close together, and in the process interfere with each other, a re-jump for one, or both or neither may be awarded by the Event judge. If such interference occurs between members of the same team during team Accuracy Landing jumps, no re-jump will be granted.
- 5.1.7.5 If an AMD is found, by the Event or Chief Judge, to be defective or not reset and the first point of contact has been on it, and (4) above does not apply, the affected competitor(s) must be offered a re-jump.
- 5.1.7.6 Only the affected competitor(s) will make a re-jump and get a new score, the re-jump counting for both the Individual and Team Accuracy Landing events. The exit altitude for re-jumps will be decided by the Meet Director and be between 700 and 1000 m.
- 5.1.7.7 If the AMD registers a score and in the opinion of the judges at the target the first point of contact was not on the AMD, the competitor will not be granted a re-jump, and must receive a score of 16 cm.
- 5.1.7.8 In the event of interference from a cameraman or other official allowed in-air or within the 5 m circle during the approach of a team and/or individual competitor, a re-jump may be granted by the Chief Judge or Event Judge to the affected competitor(s) only. This decision is not grounds for protest.

## 5.1.8 Scoring Accuracy Landing

- 5.1.8.1 The landing point is the first point of body contact with the surface or the AMD.
- 5.1.8.2 The AMD must register the distance between the landing point and the edge of the dead centre disc when the landing point is on the AMD.

- 5.1.8.3 Any landing point off the AMD must be given a score of 16 cm.
- 5.1.8.4 Teams jumping with less than 4 members must receive a score of 16 cm for each missing member.
- 5.1.8.5 The best four scores of each round shall be the score for the team for that round, unless one or more members of the team were disqualified for that round. See point FAI Sporting Code Section 5 paragraph 5.4 (penalties and disqualifications).
- 5.1.8.6 If, because of insufficient separation between team members, a competitor lands on the AMD which has not been reset, the score given is 16 cm. Competitors landing off the AMD receive a score of 16 cm.

## 5.1.9 Team Accuracy Landing Event

- 5.1.9.1 A team consists of a maximum of 5 members. The best four scores will count in the team event.
- 5.1.9.2 Any national team with less than four competitors will jump in mixed teams. Members of mixed teams from different countries will be scored as individual contestants only.
- 5.1.9.3 The exit altitude is 1000 metres. The team must jump from the same aircraft, during the same passage of the aircraft over the target (re-jumps are treated as individual jumps). If meteorological conditions do not allow jumping from 1000 metres, the altitude may be lowered to 900 metres.
- 5.1.9.4 In the Team Accuracy Landing event, the jump order, determined in paragraph 4.2. will be used for the first round only. Thereafter the jump order shall be in reverse order of placing after each round. In the case of tie-breaking jumps, the initial jumping order will apply.
- 5.1.9.5 The jump order may only be changed to allow for re-packing, to accommodate re-jumps and to avoid competition delays resulting from substantial changes in the order of jumping.

#### 5.1.10 Individual Accuracy Landing Event

- 5.1.10.1 Scores for all rounds, except the semi final and final rounds, are the scores obtained in the team accuracy landing jumps.
- 5.1.10.2 The exit altitude for the semi final and final rounds is 800 metres and will be two competitors per pass. If meteorological conditions do not allow jumping from 800 metres the altitude may be lowered to 700 metres (one competitor per pass).

## 5.2 FREEFALL STYLE EVENT

## 5.2.1 Freefall Style Series Selection

5.2.1.1 The first four rounds consist of a freefall style series of individual freefall manoeuvres drawn from the following pool:

1st series	2nd series	3rd series	4th series
Left turn	Right turn	Left turn	Right turn
Right turn	Left turn	Right turn	Left turn
Back loop	Back loop	Back loop	Back loop
Left turn	Right turn	Right turn	Left turn
Right turn	Left turn	Left turn	Right turn
Back loop	Back loop	Back loop	Back loop

5.2.1.2 The fifth round consists of a freefall style series of individual freefall manoeuvres, selected by the competitor, from the pool in 5.2.1.1.

## 5.2.2 Jumping Procedure

- 5.2.2.1 The jump must be made from an altitude of 2200 metres.
- 5.2.2.2 The target heading must be directly downwind or directly upwind. That choice will be made by the cameraman in close co-operation with the observing judge. Competitors are to be made aware of any change at the earliest opportunity. Those airborne must be notified before the aircraft begins a run in on the new heading.
- 5.2.2.3 The target must be clearly visible from the air and of approximately 200 sq m in size. The shape and colour will be agreed by the Event Judge.

## 5.2.3 Jump Order

The jump order for the first, second and third round is by team and is that determined by paragraph 4.2. for the first round of the Accuracy Landing event. For these rounds, the team manager must inform the organiser (manifest) of the exit order within the team before their first call. The jump order after cuts is by individuals in reverse order of placing.

#### 5.2.4 Exit Procedure

The exit point is specified and controlled by the judges. The exit command must be given so that the camera angle of the optics is between 60 and 80 degrees at the start of the first turn. In order to ensure that all competitors are judged at approximately the same angle, the competitors must leave the aircraft on the exit command. Competitors who disregard this command cannot protest and will not be granted a re-jump.

## 5.2.5 Drift Angle

Any competitor who experiences drift of 10 degrees or more during their Freefall Style series or who starts their first turn out of the given range (60 - 80 degrees) must be offered a rejump. On the rejump, if the competitor exits at approximately the same exit point as all other competitors and still has drift of 10 degrees or more or starts their first turn outside the given range of 60 - 80 degrees they shall not receive a further re-jump and must accept their score.

#### 5.2.6 Malfunctions

A malfunction is not grounds for a re-jump.

## 5.2.7 Scoring Freefall Style

- 5.2.7.1 The score for a freefall style jump is the time in seconds and hundredths of a second to complete the freefall style series plus penalty times awarded for incorrect performance of the manoeuvres.
- 5.2.7.2 The time to complete the freefall style series is measured only to 16.00 seconds. Any time, including penalties, in excess of this is recorded as 16.00 seconds.
- 5.2.7.3 The working time starts when the Competitor starts the first manoeuvre, whether or not it is the correct manoeuvre.

## 5.2.8 Freefall Style Penalties

1) Undershoots (-), and Arrow  $(\rightarrow)$  penalties at the beginning of the first and third turns.

1 - 5 deg	0.1 sec
- 10 deg	0.2 sec
- 15 deg	0.3 sec
- 20 deg	0.4 sec
- 25 deg	0.5 sec
And simila	arly to
- 75 deg	1.5 sec
- 80 deg	1.6 sec
- 85 deg	1.7 sec
- 90 deg	1.8 sec
>90 deg	16.0 sec

2) Overshoots (+)

1 - 180 deg	No penalty
>180 deg	16.0 sec

- 3) Deviations (D)
- 4) Last back loop off heading (S)
- 5) Completion of first loop before reaching the horizontal level (-), or
- 6) Continuation of first loop after passing the horizontal level (+)
- 7) Completion of last loop before reaching the horizontal level (-), or
- 8) Continuation of last loop after passing the horizontal level (+)

	1 - 30 deg	No penalty
	31- 60 deg	0.4 sec
	61- 90 deg	1.5 sec
	>90 deg	16.0 sec
9)	Omission of a figure	16.0 sec
	Added figure	16.0 sec
	Incorrect Series	16.0 sec

# **6 WORK OF THE JUDGES IN THE DISCIPLINES**

## 6.1 ACCURACY LANDING

## 6.1.1 Decision on Landing Point

- 6.1.1.1 Three judges positioned at or near the target will independently assess the landing and signal a valid result putting one hand on the chest and an invalid result pointing to the ground. The decision of the judges will be made by simple majority.
- 6.1.1.2 A Video Viewing system must be available and may be used for all competition jumps (for example tablet with slow motion) at the discretion of the event-/chief judge for any decision found necessary. This decision is not ground for protest.
- 6.1.1.3 Trainee judges may work with the judges in the target area, but their opinion or assessment will not be considered.

## 6.1.2 Other Responsibilities

- 6.1.2.1 Two separate sets of score sheets will be completed. The Event Judge and team captain/individual will sign one copy, which goes to the Scoring section. This will state that the score is valid. The Event Judge retains the other copy. At least one judge will check the results of the scoring section. If the team captain / individual refuses to sign, the score will become valid after two hours if no protest has been filed.
- 6.1.2.2 The wind speed and direction at the anemometer will be observed by an official appointed by the Meet Director and approved by the Event Judge.
- 6.1.2.3 One or more observers, supervised by the Event Judge, must watch each jump made and observe the competitors on opening and during their descent. The observer must check for any conditions or incidents that might constitute grounds for a re-jump and/or disqualification for safety reasons. A written record must be made of any unusual observations or incidents.
- 6.1.2.4 If any judge observes a change in winds aloft, which prevents one or more competitors from making a reasonable accuracy approach on the target, though having exited at the correct point, they must immediately inform the Event Judge and / or the Chief Judge of their observations. If the event is interrupted a new wind drift indicator must be dropped before the event may continue.
- 6.1.2.5 If there is a serious or sudden change in the meteorological conditions, the Chief Judge and/or the Event Judge, may decide to interrupt an event. This decision is not grounds for a protest. The interruption must be made in a way which clearly shows it to the jumpers concerned who must be granted re-jumps, and also to the judges at the target. A new wind drift indicator must be dropped before the event may continue.
- 6.1.2.6 The Event Judge and / or Chief Judge will advise the Meet Director when meteorological conditions allow the resumption of jumping.

## 6.2 FREEFALL STYLE

## 6.2.1 Observing the Freefall Style Series

- 6.2.1.1 Five judges evaluate the performance of the competitor using their own assigned Monitor.
- 6.2.1.2 The jumps are judged with a video system, the optics of which must be placed on the axis of the flight direction. If the video system is changed, the Panel of Judges may determine that this change may only be made for complete rounds, so that all jumps in one round are judged using the same video system. If the Panel of Judges determines that this is not necessary, no special action need be taken.
- 6.2.1.3 The judges start their chronometers when the competitor starts the first manoeuvre, whether or not it is the correct manoeuvre. The manoeuvre starts when there is a change in heading of the torso. They stop their chronometers when the competitor stops the second back loop or passes through the horizontal level, regardless of heading. The time for the freefall style series is taken from the video showing at normal speed.
- 6.2.1.4 The judges watch the jump twice, once at normal speed and once in slow motion, the speed of which is acceptable to the Chief Judge. Where a judge has not been able to take a time, further replays at normal speed may be made for that judge only. Thereafter the scores are collated.
- 6.2.1.5 After the performance, if the time is not recorded by computer, the judge records the time of the freefall style series to the nearest 1/100 sec, the penalties they have observed and the total score (sum of the time of the freefall style series and penalties).

## 6.2.2 Collation of the Score Sheets

- 6.2.2.1 If the assessment is not computerised, the judges' scores are collated immediately after the judges have assessed the jump. The results of the collation must be checked by at least one Judge.
- 6.2.2.2 Penalties are assigned to the respective manoeuvre, by each judge.
- 6.2.2.3 The score of the freefall style series is the mean score (arithmetic average) of the middle three total scores to the nearest hundredth of a second, the highest and the lowest of the five having been discarded.
- 6.2.2.4 The name and the nation of the competitor will be written on the screen or individual judge score board at the time of collation. The judges assessing the jump will not be informed of the name and country of the competitor before the assessment of the jump is finished.

## 6.3 OTHER RESPONSIBILITIES

At least one observing judge will be positioned at the video camera(s) in order to monitor the aircraft run in and exit commands and ensure that approximately the same angle is used for the whole round. The judge will also watch each jump and must check for any conditions or incidents that might constitute grounds for a re-jump and/or disqualification for safety reasons. The judge must keep a record of all their observations. The Event Judge must be informed if the angle of drift indicated by the camera is 10 degrees or more.

# 7 TITLE OF THE COMPETITION

"The (....th) **FAI World/Continental Accuracy Landing and Freefall Style Championships**" (Add title of Junior WPC/CPC as required).

## 7.1 AIMS OF THE FAI WORLD / CONTINENTAL CHAMPIONSHIP

- 7.1.1 To determine the World / Continental Champions (Male and Female):
  - Accuracy Landing Champion
  - Freefall Style Champion
  - Overall Champion
  - Champions in Team Accuracy Landing
  - Overall Champion Nation

## 7.1.2 To determine the Individual World / Continental Junior Champions (Male and Female):

- Accuracy Landing Champion
- Freefall Style Champion
- Overall Champion
- 7.1.3 To determine the World/ Continental standing of the competing teams.
- 7.1.4 To establish new World and Continental Freefall Style and Accuracy Landing records.
- 7.1.5 To promote and develop Freefall Style and Accuracy Landing parachuting.
- 7.1.6 To exchange experience and strengthen friendly relations between the sport parachutists of all Nations.
- 7.1.7 To allow participants to share and exchange experience, knowledge and information.
- 7.1.8 To improve judging methods and practices.

## 7.2 PROGRAM OF EVENTS

The World / Continental Championships will comprise the following events:

7.2.1 **Team Accuracy Landing**: The event consists of 8 rounds. The minimum number of rounds for a valid event is 5..

A junior male/female competitor may be a part of a National team.

7.2.2 **Individual Accuracy Landing:** The event consists of 8 rounds plus a semi - final and final round. The scores for the first 8 rounds are those obtained in the Team Accuracy Landing event. The minimum number of rounds for a valid event is 5.

a) The top 30 male, including junior and 15 female, including junior competitors after round 8 continue into the semi-final.

- b) The top 15 male and the 8 female competitors, placed in round 9 (semi-final) qualify for the final round.
- c) If adverse weather conditions dictate, and there is insufficient time to complete all rounds (after the minimum number has been completed), the Meet Director, in consultation with the Chief Judge, may decide in the interest of the event, to move straight into the final round with the top (15 male/8 female) competitors.

If juniors are in the semi-final and/or final round, the jump will count also for juniors ranking.

# 7.2.3 In the event of a tie for the first three places in the Team or Individual Accuracy Landing the following rules apply:

- a) If the minimum number of rounds has been completed and in the opinion of the Meet Director, in consultation with the Chief Judge, there is not enough time left to complete the next round with all competitors where possible tie-break jumps shall be made.
- b) If this does not break a tie then the competitor or team with the greater number of low scores (i.e. for teams the score as defined 5.1.8.5) from all completed jumps, including the tie-breaking jumps, obtains the higher place.
- c) If the tie remains, the competitor with the lowest score, starting with the last completed jump, including tie-breaking jumps, and continuing in reverse order, jump by jump until the tie is broken, obtains the higher place. If the tie remains in the Team Accuracy Landing all 5 team scores are used for each round, then 7.2.3.(b) above is again used with these scores.
- d) If the tie canot be broken, the competitors or teams concerned shall be declared comedallists.
- e) All other ties will be ranked equal.
- 7.2.4 Freefall Style: 5 rounds. The minimum number of rounds for a valid event is 1.
  - a) A competitor who scores 9 seconds or more in the male category and 11 seconds or more in the female category, including penalties in the first round, does not qualify for the 2nd round.
  - b) After completion of the 2nd round, competitors with an aggregate score of 17 seconds or less (male) and 20 seconds or less (female) qualify for the 3rd round.
  - c) After completion of the 3rd round, there will be a cut and 50 % of competitors (minimum 10), placed in aggregate score after the 3rd round qualify for the 4th round.
  - d) After completion of the 4th round, there will be a cut and 50 % of competitors (minimum 10 and maximum 20), placed in aggregate score after the 4th round qualify for the final 5th round.

# 7.2.5 In the event of a tie for the first three places in the Freefall Style event, the following rules apply:

- a) If the minimum number of rounds has been completed and there is not sufficient time left to fully complete the next round with all competitors, where possible tie-break jumps shall be made.
- b) If this does not break a tie, then the competitor with the lowest score in any one round obtains the higher place.
- c) The competitor with the lowest score, starting with the last completed round and continuing in reverse order, round by round until the tie is broken, obtains the higher place.
- d) If the tie cannot be broken, the competitors concerned shall be declared co-medallists
- e) All other ties will be ranked equal.

## 7.3 COMPOSITION OF DELEGATIONS

Each delegation may be comprised of:

- 1 Head of Delegation
- 1 Team Manager
- 1 Team Coach
- 1 Interpreter

- 1 Men's Team (including male junior)
- 1 Women's Team (including female junior)
- 2 Additional Junior male competitors
- 2 Additional Junior female competitors

- 7.3.1 Where a nation does not choose to enter a team event, it can enter up to 5 male, including male junior and 5 female, including female junior competitors in the Freefall Style and / or Accuracy Landing event.
- 7.3.2 Each Nation may send judges and prospective judges as accompanying persons, as determined by the ISC.
- 7.3.3 Junior competitors who are a part of their male or female Accuracy Landing Team will also be ranked in the junior classification. All juniors are ranked in individual male/ female classification (AL, ST, individual overall).

## 7.4 PROTEST FEES

See FAI Sporting Code - Section 5 paragraph 5.3.1. (1).

#### 7.5 WORLD / CONTINENTAL CHAMPIONS

- 7.5.1 For the determination of the World / Continental Champions see CR 4.3. and 4.4.
- 7.5.2 In the male and female category there are the following World / Continental Champions:
  - Champion in Accuracy Landing after all completed rounds inclusive of tie-breaking jump(s).
    Champion in Freefall Style inclusive of tie-breaking jump(s).
  - Champions in Team Accuracy Landing after all completed rounds inclusive of tie-breaking jump(s).
  - Overall Champion.
- 7.5.3 For the determination of the Overall Champion Nation see below:
  - a) The Overall World / Continental Champion Nation, separate for men and women, is the nation with the lowest total, calculated as the sum of the four best numerical placings in the individual overall ranking.
  - b) If two nations share equal totals, the title of Overall World / Continental Champion Nation will be awarded to the nation achieving the highest placing in the Team Accuracy Landing event.
  - c) The same tie-breaking procedures will be followed for the second and third place.
- 7.5.4 In the Junior male and female category there are the following World/Continental Champions:
  - Junior Champion in Accuracy Landing
  - Junior Champion in Freefall Style
  - Junior Overall Champion
- 7.5.5 The usual timetable for the competition is:
  - a) Day 1 arrival, day 2 6 competition, day 7 competition, closing ceremony, day 8 Departure.
    Trainings jumps on... days prior and/or on the official arrival day as stated in The Bulletin 1. Arrival day is day 1.
    1st Team Manager Meeting is held in the evening (7 pm) of the official arrival day. Accuracy Landing and Freefall Style competition jumps (day 2 6) Competition jumps end at day 7 latest 3pm. Departure day is day 8.
  - b) Any change of the program of the events must be approved by ISC or during the Championships by the FAI Controller in agreement with the Chief Judge.

## 7.6 PRIZES AND AWARDS

- 7.6.1 Medals are awarded to the three competitors who have the highest placing in the Individual Accuracy Landing and Freefall Style events and to the three teams who have the highest placing in Team Accuracy Landing
- 7.6.2 Medals are awarded to the three first competitors and teams who have the highest overall placing.



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